

Level 2 Certificate FURTHER MATHEMATICS

Formulae Sheet

Insert

Perimeter, area and volume

Where a and b are the lengths of the parallel sides and h is their perpendicular separation:

Area of a trapezium =
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length

Where r is the radius and d is the diameter:

Circumference of a circle = $2\pi r = \pi d$

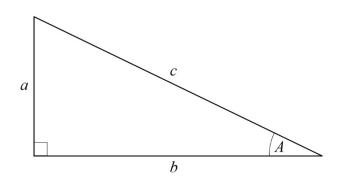
Area of a circle = πr^2

Quadratic formula

The solution of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \neq 0$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry



In any right-angled triangle where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle ABC where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c}$$
 $\cos A = \frac{b}{c}$ $\tan A = \frac{a}{b}$

In any triangle ABC where a, b and c are the length of the sides:

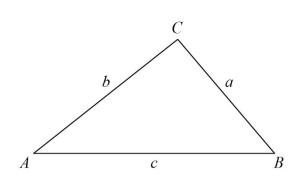
sine rule:
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

cosine rule:
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area of triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

For any angle
$$\theta$$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$

and
$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$



Coordinate Geometry

Equation of a straight line passing through (x_1, y_1) with gradient m $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

The general equation of a circle, centre (a, b), radius r $(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = r^2$

$$(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = r^2$$